DRAFT: Minutes of the C12 Committee on Cooperation in Nuclear Physics Meeting,

held in Goeteborg, Sweden, June 27, 2004, in room R31 of the Hotel Gota

Towers. The meeting was held just prior to INPC2004.

Present: Anthony W. Thomas - JLab (Chair)

Richard F. Casten - Yale (Chair NSAC)

Sam H. Aronson - BNL

Alan Shotter (for Jean-Michel Poutissou) - TRIUMF

Muhsin N. Harakeh - KVI (Chair NuPECC)

Daniel Guerreau - IN2P3

Shoji Nagamiya - J-PARC (Chair C12)

Wenlong Zhan - Landzhou

Walter F. Henning - (Vice-Chair C12)

Alexey A. Ogloblin - Kurchatov

Hideyuki Sakai - Tokyo (Chair Japanese Experimental Nuclear

Physics

Committee)

Toro Motobayashi - RIKEN

Willem T.H. van Oers - Manitoba (Secretary)

Wen-qing Shen - Shanghai

Arthur B. Mcdonald - SNO

Regrets: Walter Kutschera - Wien Dong Pil Min - Seoul

Claude Petitjean - PSI

1) The Chair of the Committee, Anthony W. Thomas, provided a historical

perspective on previous actions by C12, the IUPAP Commission on Nuclear $\,$

Physics, on the topic of cooperation in nuclear physics, and in particular on previous committees established by C12 and on the OECD

Megascience Working Group. A 1997 report on the activities of ICNP and

the OECD Megascience Working Group on Nuclear Physics can be found on the $\,$

IUPAP Commission C12 website.

2) The Chair of the IUPAP Commission on Nuclear Physics (C12), Shoji Nagamiya,

outlined the reinvigurating actions taken since the 2003 Annual General

Meeting of C12 in Durham, NC, to establish the new Committee on Cooperation in Nuclear Physics.

The objectives for this Committee are:

* To promote international cooperation in the broadest sense, including

cooperation in the construction and exploitation of the very-large

nuclear physics facilities — i.e. those which are intended for use by the worldwide

nuclear physics community.

 \ast To organize on a regular basis meetings, which are open to all wishing

to attend, for the exchange of information on future plans for new

nuclear physics facilities, be it very large multi-disciplinary facilities or facilities restricted to more regional use.

 $\ensuremath{\ast}$ To stimulate the organization of workshops and/or symposia to discuss

the future of nuclear physics and the need for facilities for the

various subfields: high-energy heavy-ion beam facilities, radioactive-

ion beam facilities, multipurpose hadron beam facilities, highenergy

electron beam facilities. There is also the need to discuss facilities

which are clearly cross-disciplinary, like underground laboratories

at the interface of particle and nuclear physics and nuclear—astrophysics.

 $\ensuremath{\ast}$ And in first instance to document the facilities under construction

or in the planning stage in terms of their anticipated performance

parameters, to assess these anticipated performance parameters with

regard to the defined requirements of the field, to evaluate the

different facilities in terms of their complementarity or to indicate

the areas of the field not covered but identified in the most recent

science planning documents, like the NSAC Long Range Plan, the NuPECC

Long Range Plan, and similar documents; to recommend on the need for

additional new facilities and for the expeditious use of the

existing

facilities.

An electronic version of the presentation by SN will be posted on the C12 web site.

 ${\tt Comments:-Alan\ Shotter\ pointed\ out\ that\ the\ OECD\ Megascience}$ Working

Group report was never followed up on.

Muhsin Harakeh underlined the above comment.Walter F. Henning asked how to give an overall

perspective

of the recommendations of NSAC, NuPECC, and the

Japanese

nuclear and particle physics science policy. Note that

the

status of NuPECC is quite different from the status of

NSAC

with regard to the funding agencies.

- Arthur B. McDonald remarked that the IUPAP Working

Group

PANAGIC was quite effective in the establishment of large scale neutrino observatories and gravitational

wave

observatories.

3 Presentations on facilities under construction or being planned for use by

the international community or by a more regional community and the nuclear and particle physics that will be addressed at these facilities.

In Japan - Hideyuki Sakai, Chair Japanese Nuclear Physics Committee

- a) J-PARC
- b) RIBF at RIKEN
- c) RCNP upgrade

Discussion: With J-PARC, is there a program about the transmutation of

nuclear waste? A: negative.

How are scientific priorities arrived at in Japan? A: by consensus among the Japanese experimental

nuclear

physicists through their Executive (Japanese Nuclear

Physics

Committee). Its recommendations are heeded by the

Japanese

Government.

How are Japanese university groups funded?

A: through the large laboratories and to a lesser

extent

through funding agencies.

In Europe - Muhsin Harakeh, Chair NuPECC

Recommendations of the NuPECC Long Range Plan:

- get full exploitation of the existing facilities

- the ALICE detector at LHC

- RIB production through complementary in-flight and

ISOL modes.

The highest recommendation for construction is GSI's

FAIR;

costs in 2002 Euros: 675M with 25% to come from outside

Germany;

construction will take 7 years from the start of

funding;

LoI's have 1800 single entry scientists of whom are 70%

from

German institutions.

After GSI the construction of EURISOL, a multi MegaWatt

proton

accelerator still to be designed. But 15 years until construction starts; so for the immediate future

SPIRAL-II,

SPES, upgrade of ISOLDE, and MAFF with intense neutron

beams,

but also the upgrade of MAMI with MAMI-C. The 25 GeV

electron

accelerator, ELFE, is off the table. Projected costs of

EURISOL

in 2002 Euros: 613M.

The NuPECC Long Range Plan Report can be found on the

web.

In the US - Richard F. Casten, Chair NSAC

In the US one deals with the NSAC Long Range Plan,

which is

now a few years old, and the latest exercise by the DoE

in

setting priorities (Raymond Orbach).

These reports have been posted.

The highest priority for new construction is RIA with a

1B USD

price tag (includes personnel costs). CD0 allows

operating

funds to be used for R&D, but site selection is still pending; the earliest that construction could at

present start

is in FY 2007 with a five year construction schedule. The international cooperation aspects of RIB facilities

have

been stressed.

CD0 has also been given to the JLab upgrade; its

upgrade

schedule at present could be the same time period;

costs from

175 to 225 M\$. There is also a recommendation for the

upgrade

of RHIC (possible in 2008 - 2009).

On the horizon are an electron-ion collider, two Long

Range

Plans hence (ELIC or ERHIC).

Currently a review takes place of the relativistic

heavy ion

physics program, NSAC subcommittee chaired by Peter D.

Barnes.

The underground laboratory (NSF) is in some trouble now

that

the purchaser of the Home Stake goldmine, Barrick

Goldmines of

Toronto, has decided to flood the mine not wanting to

take the

financial responsibilty of eventual environmental

required

cleanups.

of

Recently a NSAC subcommittee has looked at the future

cold and ultra-cold neutron science.

In Canada – Alan Shotter (for Jean-Michel Poutissou)

The TRIUMF five-year plan has passed the National

Research

Council but requires further discussion with other

branches

of government before it can be tabled for action by

cabinet.

The TRIUMF five-year plan deals with ISAC-I and ISAC-

II,

T2K at J-PARC, R&D for the Linear Collider, and the

general

infrastructure role for large experiments conducted

elsewhere.

Discussion: Arthur B. Mcdonald pointed to the role TRIUMF is fullfilling

with regard to infrastructure needs of Canadian research

groups.

In China - Wenlong Zhan

Presented information about nuclear physics facilities

in

China not generally known to the scientific community. HIRFL — CSR in Lanzhou CARR, BRIF in Beijing SSRF, SINAP in Shanghai Facilities have large numbers of university groups participating in the research conducted.

Electronic versions of the presentations by HS, MH, and RFC can be found

on the ??? web site.

4 General Discussion:

Many rather diverse opinions were expressed, but the consensus arrived at

was to proceed with the fourth point given above which stated the objectives of the Committee. First of all the Committee is to gather all

relevant information on nuclear physics facilities worldwide, destined to

operate in user group mode, presently working, under construction, or being

planned for the near future. Walter F. Henning will provide a questionnaire

that can be used by the representatives on the Committee of the various

constituencies to collect the information (Europe - Russia; and US - Canada:

and Japan - China - India; and South and Middle America including Mexico).

[It was later decided to appoint a representative from South America to

the Committee (Alinka Lepine-Szily).]

The compilation is to describe the opportunities for the various subfields

of nuclear physics, give the complementarity of research efforts, indicate

what is missing in terms of facilities, all from a worldwide perspective.

[Note that Claude Petitjean informed the Committee of the existence of

a NuPECC FINUPHY report dealing with the above within Western Europe,

which is about to be published.]

The compilation should form part of a report by this IUPAP Committee which

defines the current important questions in nuclear physics that need to be

addressed. There are various recent Long Range Plan documents that can be

used as basis for the latter. But if neccessary the Committee could meet

to update the research priorities for nuclear physics. The report should

chart the course for the field of nuclear physics.

5 Future Meetings

It has been suggested to gather the information for the described compilation immediately and then meet later this year. Your secretary has

listed the major nuclear physics meetings for the remainder of 2004.

Certainly the Committee must meet in its entirety at the time of PANIC2005,

which will take place in Santa Fe, NM, on October 24-28, 2005. Because

of the problems that several members of the Committee wil have in getting

a US Visa, this meeting could take place at TRIUMF in Vancouver, BC, just

prior to PANIC2005 since the IUPAP General Assembly meeting is scheduled

for Cape Town, South Africa, October 25-29, 2005.

The Committee acknowledges the very kind hospitality given it by the Chair of the Local Organizing Committee of INPC2004 Bjorn Jonson.

Willem van Oers

Jefferson Laboratory, July 8, 2004